## B•Conversions

Conversion between the metric and English measurement systems is relatively simple. Often, it involves either multiplying or dividing by a constant. You must write a program that converts between the following units:

| Type | Metric | English equivalent |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Weight | 1.000 kilograms | 2.2046 pounds |
|  | 0.4536 kilograms | 1.0000 pound |
| Volume | 1.0000 liter | 0.2642 gallons |
|  | 3.7854 liters | 1.0000 gallon |

## Input

The first line of input contains a single integer $\boldsymbol{N},(1 \leq \boldsymbol{N} \leq 1000)$ which is the number of datasets that follow.

Each dataset consists of a single line of input containing a floating point (double precision) number, a space and the unit specification for the measurement to be converted. The unit specification is one of $\mathbf{k g}, \mathbf{l b}, \mathbf{l}$, or $\mathbf{g}$ referring to kilograms, pounds, liters and gallons respectively.

## Output

For each dataset, you should generate one line of output with the following values: The dataset number as a decimal integer (start counting at one), a space, and the appropriately converted value rounded to 4 decimal places, a space and the unit specification for the converted value.

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 12.2046 lb |
| 1 kg | 20.5284 g |
| 2 l | 3.3 .1752 kg |
| 7 lb | 413.2489 l |
| 3.5 g | 50.0000 g |
| 0 l |  |

